

Councilmember District

## REVISED AGENDA MATERIAL

**Meeting Date:** June 2, 2022

**Item Number:** 1

**Item Description:** BART

**Supplemental/Revision Submitted By:** Councilmember Sophie Hahn

**“Good of the City” Analysis:**

*The analysis below must demonstrate how accepting this supplement/revision is for the “good of the City” and outweighs the lack of time for citizen review or evaluation by the Council.*

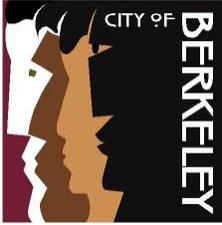
These proposed revisions to the JVP have been shared with BART, who are generally amenable (BART is asked to confirm to Council and raise any concerns during the meeting). Proposing changes to the JVP required consultation with BART and review with City staff, which was difficult to achieve in the timeline for Supplemental 2. The proposed changes introduce and strengthen concepts of affordability, equity, green space, quality of design, and other important elements for BART developments. We respectfully request that these revisions be accepted for consideration by the Council.

***Consideration of supplemental or revised agenda material is subject to approval by a two-thirds vote of the City Council. (BMC 2.06.070)***

A minimum of **42 copies** must be submitted to the City Clerk for distribution at the Council meeting. This completed cover page must accompany every copy.

Copies of the supplemental/revised agenda material may be delivered to the City Clerk Department by 12:00 p.m. the day of the meeting. Copies that are ready after 12:00 p.m. must be delivered directly to the City Clerk at Council Chambers prior to the start of the meeting.

Supplements or Revisions submitted pursuant to BMC § 2.06.070 may only be revisions of the original report included in the Agenda Packet.



**ITEM 1**

**Special Council  
Meeting  
June 2, 2022**

## **SUPPLEMENTAL AGENDA MATERIAL**

**Meeting Date:** June 2, 2022

**Item Number:** 1

**Item Description:** Light edits for Council and BART consideration to the Joint Vision & Priorities for Transit-Oriented Development for Ashby and North Berkeley BART Stations

**Submitted by:** Councilmember Sophie Hahn

This item provides light edits for Council and BART\* consideration to the Joint Vision & Priorities for Transit-Oriented Development for Ashby and North Berkeley BART Stations.

\*Proposed changes to the document have been tracked for reference, and previewed with BART.

**Joint Vision & Priorities for Transit-Oriented Development  
for Ashby and North Berkeley BART Stations**

**Background**

The December 10, 2019 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between BART and the City of Berkeley calls for the City and BART, with input from the City’s Community Advisory Group (CAG) to establish a “joint vision and priorities” document. The goal of this document is to provide a concise statement of the City and BART’s shared, high-level expectations for future development of both the Ashby and North Berkeley BART properties.

Per the MOU, this “joint vision and priorities” document will be incorporated into future Request(s) for Qualifications (RFQs) for development of both the Ashby and North Berkeley Station development, and will help guide the process from developer selection through project construction. This City-BART Joint Vision and Priorities document will be one of three key outcomes of the CAG process for both North Berkeley and Ashby BART development (along with updated zoning consistent with AB 2923, and the RFQs for developers).

**Affordable Housing**

VISION

[This once-in-a-generation opportunity to create vibrant new neighborhoods for Berkeley merits elevated, world-class design for all built and landscaped elements, including affordable housing.](#) New housing at a variety of income levels at both the Ashby and North Berkeley BART Stations will address the City’s housing crisis, stem the displacement of residents—especially of the African American community in Berkeley—and support more equitable access to housing for lower-income families and individuals. New housing must also be created quickly to reflect the urgency of the climate [and affordability crisis](#), capturing the inherent environmental [and equity](#) benefits of walkable, [affordable](#) transit-oriented housing in Berkeley’s most transit-rich areas. North Berkeley and Ashby will provide a new model for delivering affordable housing in neighborhoods that are rich in infrastructure and strategically located to make regional transit, economic opportunity, and community amenities more broadly and equitably accessible.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

Shared Priorities

- A. **Housing Priorities.** Maximize the number of new homes, and especially permanently affordable, deed-restricted homes. We anticipate a range of 500-1200 units at each station with a variety of unit sizes including units appropriate for multi-generational families/households. Suggested for consideration would be at least 10% of units with 3 or more bedrooms and at least 40% with two or more bedrooms (inclusive of those with 3 or more bedrooms), with common and kitchen spaces scaled to support multi-generational family/household purposes.
- B. **Urgency.** Deliver new housing, including affordable units, within 10 years, by 2031, to reflect the urgency of the climate, affordability, and housing crises.
- C. **Affordable Housing Goal.** The City and BART will strive to maximize the number of permanently affordable, deed-restricted housing units within the funding that can be identified.
1. Affordable housing may be developed in multiple phases over a number of years.
  2. The amount of affordable housing which can be provided at each site within the 10-year time frame will depend on many outside factors including the availability of state and federal housing resources.
  3. At a minimum, at least 35% of the new units at each site will be restricted affordable housing. It is anticipated that each site could achieve at least 50% and higher percentages of affordable housing, subject to the timely availability of financing.
  4. The City and BART will work together to support selected developers in proactively assembling affordable housing subsidies in order to exceed the 35% minimum.
  5. If both sites are able to provide at least 50% affordable housing in a way that is financially feasible, and if additional funding becomes available, the priority for that additional funding would be to maximize the number of affordable units at Ashby station in recognition of the ongoing threat of displacement to the historic community of South Berkeley.
- D. **Income Targets:** At least 35% of new housing at each site must be affordable to households earning an average of up to 60% of Area Median Income (AMI). Of that, at least 20% (or 7% of total units at each site) must be affordable to Extremely Low-income households, those earning up to 30% of AMI. Additional affordable units should prioritize Very Low Income (up to 50% of AMI) households and Low Income (up to 80%) households but may include some housing restricted with households with incomes up to 120% of AMI.
- E. **Sequencing.** Affordable housing should be built prior to, or along with, any market rate housing.

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- F. **Displacement Prevention.** Affordable housing should provide a preference for residents of Berkeley who are facing displacement, or who have been displaced from Berkeley in the past due to economic or discriminatory reasons.
- G. **Developer Selection.** In the developer selection process, prioritize a nonprofit master developer or a partnership between a private developer and one or more community-based organizations who have experience showing accountability towards equity goals in the City of Berkeley.
- H. **Developer Accountability.** The selected developers must have a demonstrated commitment and feasible plans to produce affordable housing and be ~~willing to be held~~ accountable for making affordability the first priority. Selecting a developer who merely pledges a best effort to provide affordable units would not be sufficient.
- I. **Funding.** BART and the City of Berkeley should proactively seek new, innovative funding solutions to help achieve two truly visionary, equitable, and sustainable projects, including up to 100% affordable projects with units up to 120% of AMI, if such additional funding can be identified.
- J. **Clustering and Integration.** Affordable units may be clustered into one or more 100% affordable housing buildings on the BART sites but must be designed in a way that integrates with the larger project and shares the same design standards and quality.
- K. **Inclusive Housing Design.** The selected developer will prioritize affordable housing for renters with various needs, including but not limited to families, people with physical or mental disabilities, and formerly homeless people.

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Adeline Corridor Affordable Housing Goal.** Consistent with the Adeline Corridor Specific Plan, the City and BART should strive for a goal of 100% deed-restricted affordable housing, prioritizing extremely low, very-low and low-income affordable housing.
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## Public and Civic Space

### VISION

New public and civic space at both Ashby and North Berkeley BART will provide a community anchor, open space amenity, and memorable neighborhood gathering space that is accessible to all. It will be available for programmed community uses and activities, as well as for informal, unprogrammed public use by residents, visitors, and transit riders alike. New public space will [maximize greenery and](#) enhance the ability of all community members to walk, roll, and take transit, supporting better station access and healthy, climate-friendly active transportation. North Berkeley will be a nexus of active transportation centered along a major new connection of the Ohlone Greenway. Ashby will be anchored by a market and oriented along a street built for people and multiple modes of transportation.

### Shared Priorities

- A. **Maintenance Costs.** New civic space should be [maintained by the developer to designed in a way that](#) minimizes the ongoing cost of operations and maintenance to BART and the City.
- B. **New Public Space.** Pursue new public space design in a way that delivers on the vision while maximizing the number of on-site affordable housing units.
- C. **Station Access.** Design the public realm to support priorities in the Access section of this document.

### Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Hub for African American Life.** Reinforce South Berkeley's historic role as a hub for African American culture and life in the Bay Area.
- B. **Flea Market.** Provide a permanent, viable home for the Berkeley Community Flea Market – offering supportive amenities such as public restrooms, limited office/storage space, electrical and water access and weather protection - in a prominent location.
- C. **Stakeholder Input.** Public space will be designed with input from the Flea Market, Lorin Business Association, neighborhood residents, representatives from the disability community, and other neighborhood stakeholders. Facilities for the Flea Market will be designed in collaboration with the vendors and Community Services United.
- D. **Adeline Design.** Reconfigure Adeline Street to transform a four-lane arterial into a safer space for all modes of transportation, creating a more walkable, vibrant place. Flea Market and/or other public activities may occur on some or all of this portion of Adeline Street.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

E. **Green Space.** Expand the availability of green space for the neighborhood.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Ohlone Greenway Connection.** The development should include a [landscaped](#) protected bikeway that connects the disjointed ends of the Ohlone Greenway to each other and to BART, providing a primary access route and orientation of the development that enables a prioritized pedestrian and bicycle connection from approximately the southeast corner of the site to the northwest corner of the site and across the streets.
- B. **Public Space Use.** Public space should provide opportunities for both active and passive public use, with strong connections to the station entrance, the Ohlone Greenway, or other public spaces and pedestrian facilities.
- C. **Street Design.** The design of surrounding streets should be considered as a strategy to accommodate public space needs, [increase the tree canopy](#), and improve safety for pedestrians and bicycles. Explore the feasibility of reducing the width and number of traffic lanes in adjacent streets to their original (pre-BART) condition, aligning curbs with adjacent blocks in a manner that builds upon and is consistent with the City and BART's recent Complete Streets and roadway improvement projects in the area. Streets may retain their current width where there is some functional use for the extra space, such as bike lanes and cycle tracks that previously did not exist, and there may be bulb-outs at intersections. [Perimeter sidewalks should include generous pedestrian space, landscaping, and tree canopy.](#)

**Land Use**

VISION

Land uses at Ashby and North Berkeley Stations will serve community needs; provide significant amounts of new housing; complement neighborhood businesses, services, and institutions; create a welcoming environment for all; support BART ridership; and improve quality of life for current and future residents. Ground-floor [commercial and residential](#) uses should be pedestrian-oriented and contribute positively to public space and the pedestrian experience.

Shared Priorities

- A. **Overall Mix of Uses.** At both stations, the predominant use will be transit-oriented housing and transit uses, complemented by [fully accessible public, green, and children's play](#) space and appropriate non-residential uses. Additional priorities for these uses are found in the Affordable Housing, Public and Civic Space, and Station Access and Parking Management sections of this document.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

- B. **Non-residential Spaces.** Curate and program any non-residential spaces to provide interest and character, encourage community gathering, support social interactions, and provide unique neighborhood activities and services. Any non-residential uses should be customized to meet the unique needs of each station and neighborhood.

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Role of Non-residential Uses.** Non-residential uses at Ashby should reinforce the area's historic role as a center of neighborhood commerce, cultural expression, social connection, and economic empowerment.
- B. **Non-Residential Active Frontages.** Non-residential uses should have active frontages oriented towards Adeline Street, Ashby Avenue, and the future Flea Market public space. Ground-floor uses should activate public space and complement the Flea Market, while promoting everyday activities when the Flea Market isn't occurring.
- C. **Prioritized Non-residential Uses.** The following types of potential non-residential uses should be prioritized, though not all are anticipated to be present in any one development project<sup>1</sup>:
  1. The Berkeley Flea Market, and indoor or outdoor spaces related to the Flea Market
  2. Businesses and organizations that reinforce the neighborhood's historic role as a center of Black culture and identity
  3. Businesses, organizations, or services that are oriented towards, or provide economic opportunity for people in the neighborhood or their descendants who were involuntarily displaced, interned, or historically disenfranchised on the basis of race
  4. New uses that expand and complement the role and mission of the Ed Roberts Campus and empower those living with disabilities
  5. Spaces for cultural activities, performance, display, community activities, or other uses and amenities that support the area's role as an arts and culture district.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Role of Non-residential Uses.** Non-residential uses such as retail, services, [childcare](#), or indoor community spaces ~~is~~[are](#) anticipated to have a limited role at North Berkeley.
- B. **Non-residential Active Frontages.** Non-residential uses that do occur should be oriented with active frontages towards the station entry [or other interior areas](#) and/or Sacramento Street [corners](#).

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<sup>1</sup> Specific permitted and prohibited uses for Ashby Station will be identified in the zoning code.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

- C. **Respect Neighborhood Needs.** Non-residential uses that do occur should be focused towards meeting neighborhood needs and complementing the existing range of businesses and services already available nearby.
- D. **Potential Non-Residential Uses.** Non-residential uses may include the following<sup>2</sup>:
  - 1. Uses that help reduce the need for driving in North Berkeley, such as commuter-focused amenities, childcare, community services, or satellite locations for existing community businesses or organizations
  - 2. Small-scale walkable retail or café type uses
  - 3. Space for activities, gatherings, or events.

## Building Form

### VISION

New buildings at Ashby and North Berkeley Stations will be beautiful, [with quality materials](#), creatively designed, well-proportioned, create visual and physical connections with the neighborhood through its architectural design and contribute positively to the physical fabric and long-term quality of life of the neighborhood. They will provide elements that neighborhood residents currently enjoy – such as natural light, air, direct outdoor access, variety, quirkiness, walkability, and sociability – in a denser, transit-oriented format that supports BART ridership. Buildings should exhibit a level of architectural diversity that expresses the social, racial, economic, and design diversity that is desired at both stations. Ground-floor spaces and building frontages should activate public space, while providing a sense of place and character to the stations and the surrounding neighborhood.

### Shared Priorities

- A. **Height Variation.** AB 2923 does not permit the City’s zoning controls to restrict building height below seven stories on the station sites. The City and BART will support variations in building height and form at both stations. It is anticipated that some buildings and some portions of buildings will be shorter than the maximum height in keeping with good urban design practice.
- B. **Context.** Building design should consider the scale and character of the surrounding built environment [and could include townhouse-type building forms facing residential neighborhoods](#).
- C. **Location and Orientation.** Locate and design new buildings to enhance public spaces while mitigating impacts on existing neighbors through site orientation, setbacks, lines of sight between buildings, landscape and topography.

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<sup>2</sup> Specific permitted and prohibited uses for North Berkeley Station will be identified in the zoning code.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

- D. **Equitable Design Quality.** Design affordable housing units in a way that integrates with the larger project and shares the same design standards and quality.
- E. **Small Blocks.** Prioritize site designs with smaller blocks and building footprints instead of larger blocks.
- F. **Architectural Variety.** Design buildings to provide visual interest with variation in height, scale, massing, rooflines, materials, and architectural [style elements](#).
- G. **Building Scale.** Provide regular breaks in building forms, as well as both horizontal and vertical detail to respond to the existing neighborhood context and character, particularly at the edges of the site. [Provide adequate perimeter space for pedestrian volume, tree canopy, and landscaping](#).
- H. **Unit Diversity.** Encourage building forms that allow a diversity of unit sizes, types, and configurations.
- I. **Sunlight.** Seek to configure buildings and include design strategies that allow sunlight to reach public spaces, and design outdoor spaces, outdoor seating and active retail frontages, if provided, to maximize southern, western, and/or eastern exposure.
- J. **Outward-facing Entrances.** For ground-floor housing units, encourage outward-facing entrances with a range of design treatments and access strategies. These could include stoops, front doors, courtyard and forecourt entrances, ramped or at-grade universally accessible entries, outward-facing and visually permeable lobby entrances, and transition spaces from private frontages to public spaces.
- K. **Ground-floor Non-residential Frontages.** For ground-floor non-residential uses, provide frequent windows and doors, visual connection between indoors and outdoors, frontage onto public space, direct access to the pedestrian circulation network, and activation strategies such as outdoor seating, dining, display spaces, public art, and architectural detailing.
- L. **Universal Accessibility.** Preference building designs with universally accessible units and elevator redundancy to promote accessibility for seniors and those with disabilities.
- M. **BART Entrances.** Ensure that BART entrances are featured prominently and integrated into the overall site plan.
- N. **Integrated Green Space.** Integrate gardens, courtyards, roof terraces, trees, native landscaping, and other green spaces into building architecture and site design.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Massing and Height Focus.** Focus density, larger building forms and height towards Adeline Street and Ashby Avenue on the west parking lot parcel, and towards the rear of the Ed Roberts Campus on the east parking lot parcel.
- B. **Active Frontages.** Connect new buildings to Adeline Street and Ashby Avenue with direct pedestrian access, minimal setbacks, and active frontages to complement the existing active uses across the street.
- C. **Site Design.** Ensure that building form, scale, and the overall site plan provide sufficient space for the Flea Market and other civic and community uses.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Massing and Height Focus.** Focus density, larger building forms and height towards the Ohlone Greenway and the center of the site, ~~as well as and, to a lesser degree,~~ towards Sacramento Street.
- B. **Massing Breaks and Step-downs.** Provide massing breaks, step-downs in height, and frequent pedestrian building entrances along Delaware Street, Acton Street, and Virginia Street, with building forms and frontages that create a residential character and scale.
- C. **Active Frontages.** Prioritize active frontages, public space programming, and car-free activities along the Ohlone Greenway.

**Station Access**

Vision

Station access investments in and around the stations will enhance community vibrancy, safety, equity, and health while improving the quality of the public space and pedestrian experience, both within and beyond the station areas. Priority access investments are those that encourage people to walk, bike, roll, ride transit, and use shared micro-mobility options, while still providing flexibility for changing technologies and trends. Access investments will be distributed equitably to improve the experience for people of all ages, all abilities, and all income levels getting to and moving through the stations.

Shared Priorities

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

- A. **Housing and Community Benefits.** Favor affordable housing and other community benefits over BART rider parking and TOD resident parking in any physical or financial decision-making.
- B. **Non-Automobile Access.** Increase the share of BART riders who access the stations via modes other than driving alone and parking. Prioritize access improvements in the surrounding neighborhoods and within the station areas that offer safe, comfortable, affordable, cost-effective alternatives for all BART customers, particularly those with mobility challenges. Future access planning should consider the rapid evolution for mobility trends and technologies and consider the adaptability of the station access plans to future foreseeable and unforeseeable mobility patterns and their ability to handle ridership growth without running into capacity constraints.
- C. **Equitable Access.** Provide safe and secure station access options for people of all ages, abilities, races and ethnicities, genders, and income levels.
- D. **Parking Options.** Minimize the need for new structured on-site BART customer parking by maximizing the use of available parking capacity along the corridor (such as Center Street parking garage, shared parking with the TOD or with other sites, and on-street parking management [around site perimeters](#)).
- E. **Transportation Demand Management.** Any future development must include aggressive and innovative Transportation Demand Management strategies to reduce the vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by residents, visitors, and employees by 20% by complying with BART's Transportation Demand Management program.
- F. **Parking and Traffic Impacts.** Limit the impacts of parking and driving on residents of the developments and surrounding neighborhoods (such as noise, air quality, GHG, and collisions) through transportation demand management, multi-modal circulation and access planning, infrastructure improvements, parking management, and other best practices.
- G. **Market Rate Pricing for Parking.** Explore parking pricing that is better aligned with market demand as a possible strategy to promote BART rider and on-street parking availability, with consideration of the impacts of parking pricing on low income residents and BART riders.
- H. **Prioritize Curb Space.** Buses and shuttles will be located to prioritize people with disabilities, active loading of passengers (over waiting vehicles), services available to the public, and the number of people transferring to BART. Different types of passenger loading zones will be incorporated for quick pick-ups and drop-offs, those that need to wait for their passenger, accessible loading areas, ride apps and taxis.
- I. **Wayfinding and Signage.** Provide clear, accessible, adaptable station access signage and wayfinding to facilitate how people get to/from and through the station area consistent with the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's standards.

4.J. Strive to locate resident, commercial, and other site-related drop-off and delivery zones on-site and connections to AC Transit on site or on 4-lane corridors such as Sacramento, Martin Luther King Jr. Way, and Adeline Streets.

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Pedestrian & Bicycle Connections.** Provide high-quality, safe pedestrian and bicycle connections to and through the site, including an off-street protected bicycle facility extending along Adeline Street, at least between Ashby Avenue and the intersection with MLK Way, with the potential to extend further through related Adeline improvement efforts.
- B. **Adeline Design.** Reconfigure Adeline Street to transform a four-lane arterial into a safer space for all modes of transportation, creating a more walkable, vibrant place.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Adjacent Streets.** Consider the role and design of adjacent streets – including Sacramento Street, Delaware Street, Virginia Street, and Acton Street – in multi-modal access planning for the North Berkeley Station.
- B. **Commuter Parking Priority.** Where parking would be provided, maximize parking for commuters over parking for residential and/or potential community, non-profit, or retail uses.

**Joint Vision & Priorities for Transit-Oriented Development  
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**Background**

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- E. **Green Space.** Expand the availability of green space for the neighborhood.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Ohlone Greenway Connection.** The development should include a [landscaped](#) protected bikeway that connects the disjointed ends of the Ohlone Greenway to each other and to BART, providing a primary access route and orientation of the development that enables a prioritized pedestrian and bicycle connection from approximately the southeast corner of the site to the northwest corner of the site and across the streets.
- B. **Public Space Use.** Public space should provide opportunities for both active and passive public use, with strong connections to the station entrance, the Ohlone Greenway, or other public spaces and pedestrian facilities.
- C. **Street Design.** The design of surrounding streets should be considered as a strategy to accommodate public space needs, [increase the tree canopy](#), and improve safety for pedestrians and bicycles. Explore the feasibility of reducing the width and number of traffic lanes in adjacent streets to their original (pre-BART) condition, aligning curbs with adjacent blocks in a manner that builds upon and is consistent with the City and BART's recent Complete Streets and roadway improvement projects in the area. Streets may retain their current width where there is some functional use for the extra space, such as bike lanes and cycle tracks that previously did not exist, and there may be bulb-outs at intersections. [Perimeter sidewalks should include generous pedestrian space, landscaping, and tree canopy.](#)

**Land Use**

VISION

Land uses at Ashby and North Berkeley Stations will serve community needs; provide significant amounts of new housing; complement neighborhood businesses, services, and institutions; create a welcoming environment for all; support BART ridership; and improve quality of life for current and future residents. Ground-floor [commercial and residential](#) uses should be pedestrian-oriented and contribute positively to public space and the pedestrian experience.

Shared Priorities

**Attachment 1, Exhibit D**

- A. **Overall Mix of Uses.** At both stations, the predominant use will be transit-oriented housing and transit uses, complemented by [fully accessible public, -green, and children's play](#) space and appropriate non-residential uses. Additional priorities for these uses are found in the Affordable Housing, Public and Civic Space, and Station Access and Parking Management sections of this document.
- B. **Non-residential Spaces.** Curate and program any non-residential spaces to provide interest and character, encourage community gathering, support social interactions, and provide unique neighborhood activities and services. Any non-residential uses should be customized to meet the unique needs of each station and neighborhood.

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Role of Non-residential Uses.** Non-residential uses at Ashby should reinforce the area's historic role as a center of neighborhood commerce, cultural expression, social connection, and economic empowerment.
- B. **Non-Residential Active Frontages.** Non-residential uses should have active frontages oriented towards Adeline Street, Ashby Avenue, and the future Flea Market public space. Ground-floor uses should activate public space and complement the Flea Market, while promoting everyday activities when the Flea Market isn't occurring.
- C. **Prioritized Non-residential Uses.** The following types of potential non-residential uses should be prioritized, though not all are anticipated to be present in any one development project<sup>1</sup>:
  - 1. The Berkeley Flea Market, and indoor or outdoor spaces related to the Flea Market
  - 2. Businesses and organizations that reinforce the neighborhood's historic role as a center of Black culture and identity
  - 3. Businesses, organizations, or services that are oriented towards, or provide economic opportunity for people in the neighborhood or their descendants who were involuntarily displaced, interned, or historically disenfranchised on the basis of race
  - 4. New uses that expand and complement the role and mission of the Ed Roberts Campus and empower those living with disabilities
  - 5. Spaces for cultural activities, performance, display, community activities, or other uses and amenities that support the area's role as an arts and culture district.

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<sup>1</sup> Specific permitted and prohibited uses for Ashby Station will be identified in the zoning code.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Role of Non-residential Uses.** Non-residential uses such as retail, services, [childcare](#), or indoor community spaces ~~is~~[are](#) anticipated to have a limited role at North Berkeley.
- B. **Non-residential Active Frontages.** Non-residential uses that do occur should be oriented with active frontages towards the station entry [or other interior areas](#) and/or Sacramento Street [corners](#).
- C. **Respect Neighborhood Needs.** Non-residential uses that do occur should be focused towards meeting neighborhood needs and complementing the existing range of businesses and services already available nearby.
- D. **Potential Non-Residential Uses.** Non-residential uses may include the following<sup>2</sup>:
  - 1. Uses that help reduce the need for driving in North Berkeley, such as commuter-focused amenities, childcare, community services, or satellite locations for existing community businesses or organizations
  - 2. Small-scale walkable retail or café type uses
  - 3. Space for activities, gatherings, or events.

**Building Form**

VISION

New buildings at Ashby and North Berkeley Stations will be beautiful, [with quality materials](#), creatively designed, well-proportioned, create visual and physical connections with the neighborhood through its architectural design and contribute positively to the physical fabric and long-term quality of life of the neighborhood. They will provide elements that neighborhood residents currently enjoy – such as natural light, air, direct outdoor access, variety, quirkiness, walkability, and sociability – in a denser, transit-oriented format that supports BART ridership. Buildings should exhibit a level of architectural diversity that expresses the social, racial, economic, and design diversity that is desired at both stations. Ground-floor spaces and building frontages should activate public space, while providing a sense of place and character to the stations and the surrounding neighborhood.

Shared Priorities

- A. **Height Variation.** AB 2923 does not permit the City’s zoning controls to restrict building height below seven stories on the station sites. The City and BART will support variations in building height and form at both stations. It is anticipated that some

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<sup>2</sup> Specific permitted and prohibited uses for North Berkeley Station will be identified in the zoning code.

**Attachment 1, Exhibit D**

buildings and some portions of buildings will be shorter than the maximum height in keeping with good urban design practice.

- B. **Context.** Building design should consider the scale and character of the surrounding built environment and could include townhouse-type building forms facing residential neighborhoods.
- C. **Location and Orientation.** Locate and design new buildings to enhance public spaces while mitigating impacts on existing neighbors through site orientation, setbacks, lines of sight between buildings, landscape and topography.
- D. **Equitable Design Quality.** Design affordable housing units in a way that integrates with the larger project and shares the same design standards and quality.
- E. **Small Blocks.** Prioritize site designs with smaller blocks and building footprints instead of larger blocks.
- F. **Architectural Variety.** Design buildings to provide visual interest with variation in height, scale, massing, rooflines, materials, and architectural style elements.
- G. **Building Scale.** Provide regular breaks in building forms, as well as both horizontal and vertical detail to respond to the existing neighborhood context and character, particularly at the edges of the site. Provide adequate perimeter space for pedestrian volume, tree canopy, and landscaping.
- H. **Unit Diversity.** Encourage building forms that allow a diversity of unit sizes, types, and configurations.
- I. **Sunlight.** Seek to configure buildings and include design strategies that allow sunlight to reach public spaces, and design outdoor spaces, outdoor seating and active retail frontages, if provided, to maximize southern, western, and/or eastern exposure.
- J. **Outward-facing Entrances.** For ground-floor housing units, encourage outward-facing entrances with a range of design treatments and access strategies. These could include stoops, front doors, courtyard and forecourt entrances, ramped or at-grade universally accessible entries, outward-facing and visually permeable lobby entrances, and transition spaces from private frontages to public spaces.
- K. **Ground-floor Non-residential Frontages.** For ground-floor non-residential uses, provide frequent windows and doors, visual connection between indoors and outdoors, frontage onto public space, direct access to the pedestrian circulation network, and activation strategies such as outdoor seating, dining, display spaces, public art, and architectural detailing.
- L. **Universal Accessibility.** Preference building designs with universally accessible units and elevator redundancy to promote accessibility for seniors and those with disabilities.

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

- M. **BART Entrances.** Ensure that BART entrances are featured prominently and integrated into the overall site plan.
- N. **Integrated Green Space.** Integrate gardens, courtyards, roof terraces, trees, native landscaping, and other green spaces into building architecture and site design.

Priorities for Ashby

- A. **Massing and Height Focus.** Focus density, larger building forms and height towards Adeline Street and Ashby Avenue on the west parking lot parcel, and towards the rear of the Ed Roberts Campus on the east parking lot parcel.
- B. **Active Frontages.** Connect new buildings to Adeline Street and Ashby Avenue with direct pedestrian access, minimal setbacks, and active frontages to complement the existing active uses across the street.
- C. **Site Design.** Ensure that building form, scale, and the overall site plan provide sufficient space for the Flea Market and other civic and community uses.

Priorities for North Berkeley

- A. **Massing and Height Focus.** Focus density, larger building forms and height towards the Ohlone Greenway and the center of the site, ~~as well as~~ and, to a lesser degree, towards Sacramento Street.
- B. **Massing Breaks and Step-downs.** Provide massing breaks, step-downs in height, and frequent pedestrian building entrances along Delaware Street, Acton Street, and Virginia Street, with building forms and frontages that create a residential character and scale.
- C. **Active Frontages.** Prioritize active frontages, public space programming, and car-free activities along the Ohlone Greenway.

**Station Access**

Vision

Station access investments in and around the stations will enhance community vibrancy, safety, equity, and health while improving the quality of the public space and pedestrian experience, both within and beyond the station areas. Priority access investments are those that encourage people to walk, bike, roll, ride transit, and use shared micro-mobility options,

Attachment 1, Exhibit D

while still providing flexibility for changing technologies and trends. Access investments will be distributed equitably to improve the experience for people of all ages, all abilities, and all income levels getting to and moving through the stations.

Shared Priorities

- A. **Housing and Community Benefits.** Favor affordable housing and other community benefits over BART rider parking and TOD resident parking in any physical or financial decision-making.
- B. **Non-Automobile Access.** Increase the share of BART riders who access the stations via modes other than driving alone and parking. Prioritize access improvements in the surrounding neighborhoods and within the station areas that offer safe, comfortable, affordable, cost-effective alternatives for all BART customers, particularly those with mobility challenges. Future access planning should consider the rapid evolution for mobility trends and technologies and consider the adaptability of the station access plans to future foreseeable and unforeseeable mobility patterns and their ability to handle ridership growth without running into capacity constraints.
- C. **Equitable Access.** Provide safe and secure station access options for people of all ages, abilities, races and ethnicities, genders, and income levels.
- D. **Parking Options.** Minimize the need for new structured on-site BART customer parking by maximizing the use of available parking capacity along the corridor (such as Center Street parking garage, shared parking with the TOD or with other sites, and on-street parking management [around site perimeters](#)).
- E. **Transportation Demand Management.** Any future development must include aggressive and innovative Transportation Demand Management strategies to reduce the vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by residents, visitors, and employees by 20% by complying with BART's Transportation Demand Management program.
- F. **Parking and Traffic Impacts.** Limit the impacts of parking and driving on residents of the developments and surrounding neighborhoods (such as noise, air quality, GHG, and collisions) through transportation demand management, multi-modal circulation and access planning, infrastructure improvements, parking management, and other best practices.
- G. **Market Rate Pricing for Parking.** Explore parking pricing that is better aligned with market demand as a possible strategy to promote BART rider and on-street parking availability, with consideration of the impacts of parking pricing on low income residents and BART riders.

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H. **Prioritize Curb Space.** Buses and shuttles will be located to prioritize people with disabilities, active loading of passengers (over waiting vehicles), services available to the public, and the number of people transferring to BART. Different types of passenger loading zones will be incorporated for quick pick-ups and drop-offs, those that need to wait for their passenger, accessible loading areas, ride apps and taxis.

I. **Wayfinding and Signage.** Provide clear, accessible, adaptable station access signage and wayfinding to facilitate how people get to/from and through the station area consistent with the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's standards.

J. Strive to locate resident, commercial, and other site-related drop-off and delivery zones on-site and connections to AC Transit on site or on 4-lane corridors such as Sacramento, Martin Luther King Jr. Way, and Adeline Streets.

Priorities for Ashby

A. **Pedestrian & Bicycle Connections.** Provide high-quality, safe pedestrian and bicycle connections to and through the site, including an off-street protected bicycle facility extending along Adeline Street, at least between Ashby Avenue and the intersection with MLK Way, with the potential to extend further through related Adeline improvement efforts.

B. **Adeline Design.** Reconfigure Adeline Street to transform a four-lane arterial into a safer space for all modes of transportation, creating a more walkable, vibrant place.

Priorities for North Berkeley

A. **Adjacent Streets.** Consider the role and design of adjacent streets – including Sacramento Street, Delaware Street, Virginia Street, and Acton Street – in multi-modal access planning for the North Berkeley Station.

B. **Commuter Parking Priority.** Where parking would be provided, maximize parking for commuters over parking for residential and/or potential community, non-profit, or retail uses.